

# The Marlboro Democrat

"DO THOU, GREAT LIBERTY, INSPIRE OUR SOULS AND MAKE OUR LIVES IN THY POSSESSION HAPPY OR OUR DEATHS GLORIOUS IN THY CAUSE."

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## AWFUL TRAGEDY

In a Crowded Cafe in the City of New York.

## MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Frank Brady, Newspaper Advertising Solicitor, Made Target for Five Pistol Balls from Weapon in the Hands of Woman at Whose House He Had Boarded, Which Created a Panic in Cafe.

The was a terrible tragedy enacted in a crowded cafe in the city of New York on Thursday. Sweeping through the crowded restaurant takes up the eighth floor of Macy's department and into the gentlemen's cafe, a tall, stylishly dressed woman bent for a moment over the shoulder of a diner, whispered something in his ear and then drawing a revolver from her muff emptied the contents of the five chambers into his body. As the victim, Frank Brady, a newspaper advertising solicitor, slipped lifeless to the floor, the woman flung the revolver from her and taking a second revolver from her muff shot herself first in the head, and then twice in the breast. She died half an hour later.

A note found in the woman's purse proved her to be Mrs. Mary Roberts Clark, a manicurist, the widow of a police officer and stepmother of a six-year-old son, Raymond. Brady was thirty years old and the sole support of a helpless aged mother, for whom he had made a home.

The shooting was the culmination of a series of violent quarrels, and, according to the woman's intimates, in fulfillment of a threat to murder Brady in a public place.

The suicide, who was about thirty years young, was Mary McLean when she married John Roberts. When the later died a year ago she assumed the name of Clark and supported herself and could first as the wardrobe woman at an up-town theatre and then a manicurist. She was of a prepossessing appearance and had marked business ability.

While she was in prosperous circumstances and before the death of her husband Brady had lodged at her home, and she declared that she had helped him to the success which he subsequently attained. A few months ago he left her home and made a home for his mother, whom he brought from New Jersey.

Recently Mrs. Clark thought that Brady was avoiding her, and when he called at her home, occasionally they quarrelled. Thursday Mrs. Clark went to her bank, made a cash deposit, wrote a note identifying herself and referring the reader to her attorney, and armed with three revolvers went to the store where she knew Brady usually lunched.

She made her way hastily to a small smoking room for gentlemen just off the dining hall. The big room was filled with women who were lunching after the morning's shopping, and amid the buzz of the conversation her agitated manner attracted the attention only of the waitresses.

At a moment she stood behind Brady's chair and spoke to him. Before he had time to reply she had shoved a revolver in his face and commenced firing. The head, the neck, the shoulder, the breast and the abdomen were successively pierced by bullets, and Brady lay dead at her feet.

Giving one glance to the half dozen men nearby who were momentarily stunned by the pitiless murder, Clark whipped another weapon from her furs and put a bullet near her right ear and two others in her bosom.

The report of the discharges created consternation and there was a rush for the elevators. Employees of the place quickly closed the doors, shutting off the view of the smoking room and reassuring the women patrons, few of whom realized what had occurred. The police broke the news to Brady's aged mother and the Gory Society took charge of the dead woman's body.

## STRANGE OCCURRENCE.

Three Large Islands Said to Have Disappeared Recently.

The Mexican meteorological bureau has been advised that recent submarine disturbances off the coast of Yucatan have caused the islands of Odispo, Sur and Cuyenevo to disappear. They were of considerable size and were well known to navigators. There were several guano camps upon two of them. The harbor at Progreso has had its depth greatly decreased.

## ATTACKED BY FLAMES

Portland and Baltimore Suffer Big Losses From Fire.

For Second Time Within Week Same Two Cities Give Strenuous Battle to the Fire Fiend.

A dispatch from Portland, Me., says a fire of undetermined origin started early today in the brick block, Nos. 154 to 166 Middle street, occupied by Milliken, Cousins & Co., wholesale drygoods, and A. P. Cox & Co., wholesale boots and shoes. After a desperate fight of more than three hours the combined fire departments of Portland, Biddeford, Lewiston and Bath had the situation well in hand when the flames broke out anew and before they could be checked, had gained such rapid headway that the men found themselves again helpless and in order to save the remnant of the business section, summoned aid from Boston.

The fire, it is estimated, at eight o'clock Monday morning, had done damage of more than \$1,000,000.

The burning block is in the very center of the downtown wholesale district. A heavy rain shortly after midnight gave the fire fighters great aid and it was thought the flames were under control when suddenly out of the blinding smoke a great tongue of fire shot up and five minutes later the entire side was in flames.

## Fire in Baltimore.

A dispatch from Baltimore under date of Monday says fire is raging in the immense tanks of the Standard Oil Company at First avenue and Fifth street, in the south eastern portion of the city. Thousands of gallons of oil have already been burned. The fire threatens the large refinery and other property nearby.

## FATALLY HURT IN RUNAWAY.

Sad Accident Causes Young Lady to Lose Her Life.

One of the saddest of accidents happened over in Barnwell last Tuesday. About eleven o'clock that morning Miss Bertha Walker, of Appleton, was out driving a spirited horse. She stopped at the home of a friend for a few minutes and while in the house the horse ran off with the buggy. He was caught by a negro and brought back to Miss Walker. The horse was excited and the man urged her to let him drive her home.

Miss Walker being an excellent horsewoman and having full confidence in herself started to get in the buggy alone. As she got on the step the horse dashed off and before Miss Walker could get in or take the reins, she was dashed headlong into a large tree. The full force of the blow was received on the head, fracturing the skull and lacerating her face.

Nearby friends rushed to her aid and found her in an unconscious condition. She was immediately taken to the home of her uncle, Mr. J. C. Keel, where she was visiting and given medical attention. Drs. A. B. Patterson, E. L. Patterson and R. C. Kirkland attended her. They operated in hopes of saving her life, but the fracture was so severe and other injuries so serious that she died despite their efforts at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

## THEY ARE FOR BRYAN.

National Committeemen Have a Talk With the Commoner.

A dispatch from Lincoln, Neb., says William J. Bryan met the sub-committee of the Democratic national committee at the Rock Island station and shook hands with all the members, including National Committeeman Roger Sullivan, of Illinois, whom he attacked several months ago as an enemy of the Democratic party.

Sullivan said to Mr. Bryan: "You need have no fear from us; we are all for you."

Others in the party were Thomas Taggart, of Indiana, chairman; Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, N. Y.; James Woodson, of Kentucky, and Urey C. Dahlgren, of Omaha.

The committeemen are on the way to Denver to arrange for the national convention.

## FIVE FIREMEN KILLED

While Fighting a Fire Friday in the City of Baltimore.

At Baltimore five firemen were killed and twenty seriously injured by falling walls early Friday morning in what was the greatest fire which that city has experienced since the great conflagration of 1904. Among the worst injured is George Horton, chief of the fire department. The loss caused by the flames is estimated at more than \$500,000.

## CHARGES GRAFT

Fleischman & Co., of New York, Ask for Receivers of

## DISPENSARY FUNDS.

They Allege That the Reason the Money Is Withheld from Creditors is Because Members of the Dispensary Commission Have Placed It in Certain Banks in Which They Are Individually Interested.

In the United States Circuit Court Tuesday at Asheville Judge J. C. Pritchard signed an order citing the dispensary commission of South Carolina to appear on Wednesday, Jan. 29, and show cause why the relief prayed in a bill of complaint filed by Fleischman & Co., of New York, creditors of the dispensary, should not be granted and a receiver appointed to take charge of the funds held by the dispensary commission, and the affairs of the commission wound up.

The bill of complaint filed by attorneys representing Fleischman & Co., is interesting and in parts sensational. The complaint in effect charges that the dispensary commission has failed to pay the claims of the creditors because the commissioners are financially interested in the banks in which the great sum of almost \$1,000,000 is deposited. The bill alleges that the commission has violated its trusts and a receiver should be appointed to take charge of the monies and affairs now under control of the dispensary commission.

The bill in part recites that said defendants are abusing the trusts reposed in them by wrongfully and unlawfully failing and refusing to carry out the terms and provisions of said act of 1907 of the general assembly of the State of South Carolina, and that the greater part of the money which the defendants have received, as aforesaid, has been on deposit for many months, and is now on deposit in certain banks in the State of South Carolina, in which banks the said defendants, or some of them, are respectively interested, either as officers, stockholders or directors; that a large sum of said money is now in the National Loan and Exchange bank of Columbia, in which bank the defendant, Murray, who is chairman of the dispensary commission, is a large stockholder and director; that another large portion of said money is deposited in the Bank of Timmonsville, in which said bank the defendant, McSwain, is a stockholder and director, and is also its president; that another large portion of said money is on deposit in the People's bank of Union, in which bank the defendant, Arthur, is a stockholder and director and also its president; that another large portion of said money is on deposit in the Bank of Aiken, in which bank the defendant, Henderson, is a stockholder and director; that another portion of said money is deposited in the Piedmont Savings and Investment Company of Greenville, in which the defendant, Patton, is a stockholder, and a portion of said money is deposited in the Merchants and Farmers bank of Cheraw, in which bank one W. E. Stevenson, who resides in the said town of Cheraw and who is the attorney for the defendants constituting the State dispensary commission, is a stockholder and director and also its president.

That the said defendants have wrongfully, unlawfully and fraudulently declined and refused to make distribution of the said money among the creditors of the said State dispensary or to pay the claim of your orator or any of the other said creditors, for the reason, as your orator verily believes and alleges the fact to be, that there has been formed and now exists an unlawful understanding or agreement between the defendants by which it has been decided that the money deposited in the banks above named shall be held and allowed to remain as long as possible in said banks and be used by them for their own benefit and profit.

Attorney General Lyon of South Carolina was present in the interest of the dispensary commission. That side contends, in effect, that certain claims of creditors are not genuine; that undue influence was used in the purchase of goods and too great a price was paid. It is understood that there are claims aggregating about \$600,000 against the dispensary commission and these creditors, alleging that the funds in the hands of the commission aggregate about \$500,000, demand that their claims be paid. It is probable that there will be an interesting hearing on January 29, when the dispensary commission will appear to show cause why a receiver should not be appointed.

## BRYAN TRUE BLUE

He Is for Democracy and Not Any Particular Man.

## HE MADE AN ADDRESS

To the Democratic Members of the Kentucky Legislature in the Interests of Gov. Beckham, Who Is the Democratic Primary Nominee of the Democratic Party for the United States Senate.

A dispatch from Lexington, Ky., says the climax of W. J. Bryan's visit to that city was reached Wednesday afternoon when he spoke to the Democratic members of the legislature behind closed doors, advocating the election of former Gov. Beckham as United States senator. Mr. Bryan said neither Gov. Beckham nor anybody else had invited him to Frankfort.

He declared he had no fears for himself. He said he was told in the Goebel campaign that he might hurt himself if he came to Kentucky.

"I am not afraid of hurting myself when the interests of the Democratic party are at stake," said Mr. Bryan.

"I might be a candidate this year," he said. "I do not know. Only two delegates have been elected and they have been instructed for me, but they are not enough to elect me."

If what I say here affects my chances of election it is not a sufficient bribe to keep my mouth closed. I am in the habit of saying what I think."

He said he had come to Kentucky not for Beckham, but for the Democratic nominee and that if McCreary were the nominee for senator he would be here speaking for McCreary.

"I am here," he said, "because I believe the Democratic ticket has a good chance to be elected this year. I do not know who the Democratic standard-bearer may be, but I know that it takes a Democratic senate and house to uphold the president. I do not want to be president simply to sit in a chair, but to do something for the people."

"All the popularity of the Republican president has come from adoption of Democratic principles and reform."

"We cannot rely much on Republican senators. We may get the house, but it will require an overwhelming victory to get the senate. I am hopeful we may make enough gains to secure the senate for Democratic reform. On the vote of one senator may rest the fate of Democratic principles."

"For a generation we have had a government under corporate control. This government was sold to the highest bidder and since that time a saturnalia feast has existed at Washington. The only relief is a Democratic triumph this fall; not only the White House, but also the house and senate. The legislature of Kentucky faces a great responsibility and should arise to the occasion and elect a Democratic senator on whose vote the deliverance may result."

He said personalities should not be allowed to figure in politics. He said it was wrong for Democrats to refuse to support men just because they did not want them. He said in 1904 he took his medicine in Parker. Parker was the man above all others he did not want, "but," declared Bryan, "he stood for more Democrats than the Republicans did and I accepted him and did what I could for him. Give me a bitter enemy and if he stands for the same things I stand for I will do more for him than his best friend."

At the conclusion of Mr. Bryan's speech to the Democratic members of the legislature, Senator Wheeler Campbell, one of the anti-Beckham Democrats arose and said he would refrain from making public his reasons why he would not vote for Beckham for senator, but he would give Mr. Bryan his reasons in private and he felt sure Mr. Bryan would shake hands with him and say: "Well done, good and faithful Democrat." He was greeted with hisses.

Mr. Bryan made an address before the legislature speaking as follows: "The embezzlement of power is as great a crime as the embezzlement of money."

Mr. Bryan was referring to the man who is elected to a legislative body and then votes against the wishes of the people who sent him. "I hope the time will come," he said, "when such betrayers will be wiped from power."

Mr. Bryan declared that legislators who are too conscientious to vote as those who elect them want should be conscientious enough to resign their offices.

"The rights of the corporations extend only to those given to them by law," declared Mr. Bryan. The warnings of President Roosevelt as

## BRYAN A WINNER.

Henry Watterson Says He Will Be Nominated and Elected.

Thinks Gov. Hughes, of New York, is the Only Republican, Who Can Defeat the Great Commoner.

"Bryan is as good as nominated."

"Just so sure as the convention of the Democratic party meets in Denver next July Bryan will be named as the standard bearer of the party."

"If the country remains in its present condition of unrest, Bryan will be elected."

"Governor Hughes is the only candidate the Republican party can name who could defeat Bryan under normal conditions."

These quotations express the latest opinions of Henry Watterson, the famous editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, and are part of an interview with him while in Washington recently.

The fact that Col. Watterson has been leading the fight against Bryan's nomination by the Democratic party, makes his utterances significant.

"It is too late to defeat Bryan for the nomination," said Col. Watterson.

"Had I been given six months ago the support of those Democrats, who are now clamoring for another nominee, we might have accomplished something."

"When I suggested that if Bryan were to withdraw from the contest, I could name a man who measured up to all the requirements, a good, winning Democratic candidate for president. When I named him and found that he possessed all the qualifications I claimed for him, some Democrats gave me credit for having some perspicacity is now too late. Then followed the quotations made above."

"I am not personally unfriendly to Mr. Bryan," said Col. Watterson. "On the contrary, I like him, and I am convinced that if the country remains in its present state of unrest, Bryan will be the victor in the next election. Gov. Hughes is the only man the Republicans could name who would have a chance to defeat the candidate of the Democrats, however he may be and with the country in a normal state he would probably be elected. But I repeat, if the country remains in a state of unrest, victory will perch on the banner of the Democrats in the national election next November."

"Who appears to you to be in the lead, so far as the Republican nomination is concerned?" Col. Watterson was asked.

"If Taft is not nominated on the first ballot, Gov. Hughes will be chosen on the second," was the laconic response.

"What about the senatorship out in Kentucky—would you become a compromise candidate, if Gov. Beckham is not elected?"

"I would not come to Washington to take the oath of office if a certificate of election were handed to me," replied Col. Watterson.

## MURDERERS RUN DOWN.

Members of Desperate Band of Negroes Are Captured.

Three of a gang of negroes who brained a Cincinnati Southern telegraph operator, John Brown, at Annapolis, Morgan county, Tennessee, and later shot and killed a bridge watchman, David Langley, last Saturday night, have been captured or killed. One, name unknown, was killed Monday by a posse. A second one was captured and is being held for safekeeping. The third surrendered to a farmer living near Wartburg after he had been shot by a posse, pursuing him. He was turned over to Sheriff Langley of Morgan county, who started for Knoxville with him. Excitement is too high in Morgan county to keep the men in Wartburg jail.

## Brawley Cuts Sentence.

Henry W. Thompson, a prominent young Spartanburg stock broker who got into trouble last summer by using the mails for fraudulent purposes to get \$5,900 from a York, Pa., firm for Alken mill stock, which he pretended was to be sold to an Augusta broker, pleaded guilty in the Federal Court at Columbia Wednesday and was given 18 months in the Atlanta Federal prison.

to great fortunes which had been built up by the growth of the corporations was warmly commended by the speaker. Mr. Bryan said that he wanted to express his gratification and gratitude for the taking off from his shoulder a part of the crushing corporations which he formerly had to bear.

According to the speaker the recent panic was due to fictitious values. He said every State should pass such laws or amendments as would make impossible watered stock and fictitious capitalization.

## SAVED AT LAST

Rescued From Mine After Being Entombed Over Forty Days.

## FED THROUGH A PIPE.

A. D. Bailey, P. J. Brown and F. McDonald, Three Miners, After Being Prisoners in a Colorado Mine Since the First of Last December, Were Brought to the Surface One Day Last Week.

After having been entombed 46 days, one thousand feet below the surface in the Alpha shaft of the Gloux mine, near Ely, Nev., P. J. Brown, A. D. Bailey and Fred McDonald were rescued last week. Whistles all over the camp blew loudly, while crowds cheered in the streets of Ely to the ringing of the bells.

"Ah," was the only word of Bailey, the first to reach the outer air. He tottered forward into the arms of comrades, who in a few minutes recuperated him.

"Is that you, Arthur?" queried Fred McDonald, as his brother stepped forward and embraced him after nearly seven weeks of seclusion. "By George, it certainly seems good to be out of that hole," he said as he was led away, telling his brother of his terrible experience.

"Somebody give me a chew of tobacco," said Brown, with a laugh as he was led from the mine shaft to the change room where the three men were made comfortable.

The news that rescue was near at hand reached Ely from the mine shortly after 11 o'clock the day before and many citizens went to the mouth of the shaft to greet the men. Many hours passed while the crowd waited and the entombed men and their rescuers dug vigorously to remove the earth that blocked the mouth of the 1,000 foot tunnel.

Finally the anxious crowd around the shaft heard the bell signal, "hoist away" and a loud cheer burst forth. The basket soon rose to the surface, bearing one of the rescuers supporting Bailey. Mrs. Bailey was not present, as one of her children was sick. As soon as Bailey was provided with clean clothes he hurried home supported by friends.

Another shout of joy greeted Fred McDonald and when the last man Peter Brown, came out the crowd became almost hysterical, realizing that the long entombment was ended.

On the morning of December 4th, McDonald, Brown and Bailey and two Greeks were working in the bottom of a shaft 85 feet below the pump station and 1,685 feet below the surface. The shaft caved in, snapping the cable used to haul the cage from the shaft and hurling thousands of tons of rock and timbers into the shaft. From the bottom of the compartment in which the men were working to the pumping station, a series of rickety ladders offered the only means of egress.

With falling rocks and timbers streaming down on them the five men struggled up these ladders. Half way up falling timbers knocked the two Greeks from the ladders killing them. Bailey, McDonald and Brown reached the pump station. Its timbered roof withstood the rock and timber that came down the shaft and offered them a safe prison where for a whole day the men crouched, while at intervals, rocks and timbers kept crashing about them, threatening momentarily to crush the deep tomb.

At first it was thought on the surface that all five of the men had perished, but twenty-four hours after the accident the three buried men managed to make themselves heard by tapping on a six inch water pipe that reached from the pumping station to the surface. Communication was established with the world above and food and drink were plentifully lowered through the pipe.

A large supply was sent down, as it was feared the pipe might be broken before the rescuers could reach the imprisoned men. But throughout the long weeks of imprisonment this pipe was dally used. A portable telephone was lowered and the men were able to talk with people above. This telephone carried from friends news of the world and messages of cheer, and from the buried men reports of their condition.

## Tried to Destroy Factory.

At Clarksville, Tenn., an attempt was made Wednesday night to set fire and dynamite the loose tobacco factory of the Hayes-Sorey Tobacco Company.